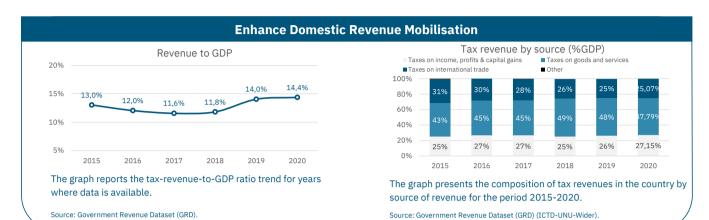




Tax systems' at a glance: Recent progress and reforms in The Gambia

In 2020, the tax-to-GDP ratio in The Gambia was 14,4 percent, 0,32 percentage points more than in 2019.



Equitable tax systems

Commitment to Reduce Inequality (CRI) Index 1,00 0,80 0,60 0,45 0,40 0,20 0,00 2017 2018 2019 2020

The graph reports the trajectory of the Commitment to reduce Inequality (CRI) Index. The CRI Index scores from zero (least progressive) to one (most progressive).

Source: Oxfam international, the Commitment to Reducing Inequality Index.

Efficient revenue administration

- The Gambia does not manage large taxpayers and High Net Worth Individuals (HNWIs) programmes

Coherent and coordinated policies



The Executive's Budget Proposal or any other documentation present information on tax expenditures for at least the budget year

The government ensures all existing and new tax expenditures are provided for in tax legislation, and is scrutinised by parliament Yes, the core information is presented for all tax expenditures.

Yes

Source: Global Tax Expenditures Database, Country Profiles; Open Budget Survey; 2020 ATI Monitoring Survey.

Engagement with accountability stakeholders



The graph displays scores on the basis of whether countries meet all (100), most (67), a limited part (33) and none (0) of the requirements for each of these citizen engagement indicators.

Source: IBP Open Budget Survey, questions 127, 130, 131, 137 and 138.

Combat tax-related illicit financial flows

- The Gambia is not yet a signatory country to the CRS Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement (CRS MCAA).

The Gambia has not signed the Amended Multilateral Convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters for EoIR.

Source: OECD Global Forum on Transparency and Exchange of Information for Tax Purposes, Compliance ratings following peer reviews against the standard of EOIR."





